

SHORTWAVE BULLETIN

Issue no. 1727, Sept 4, 2011.

Deadline e-mail next issue: 0900 SNT, Sept 18, 2011.

Till detta nummer har det kommit en hel del intressant material. En stor del av tiden har gått åt att försöka lösa gåtan med stationen på strax över 6075. Den hörs nattligen men har så dålig modulation på talet att det nästan är omöjligt att få fram nåt ID.

Henrik Klemetz har lyssnat på alldeles för många sådana dåliga inspelningar och på en av AN:s är det ett troligt anrop för R Kawsachun Coca, men alltså inte helt 100% klarlagt ännu.

En väldigt fin vy över La Paz har HK hittat på nätet och dessutom kommer lite mer info om denna troliga Boliviastation.

Vidare har AN hört R Tajikistan på 2322 som Mauno Ritola identifierat.

Det finns en station till som figurerat en längre tid och det är en trolig R Bayrak på 6150 som Martien Groot brottats med.. Tyvärr alltid för svag för att få fram nåt vettigt.

Håll till godo!

Keep on

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SWB-info

SWB online på HCDX: <http://www.hard-core-dx.com/swb>
SWB member information: <http://www.hard-core-dx.com/swb/member.htm>
SWB anniversary issue: http://www.hard-core-dx.com/swb/SWB_history.pdf
Dateline Bogotá 1993-1998: <http://www.hard-core-dx.com/swb/Dateline.htm>
SWB latest issue: <http://www.thomasn.sverige.net/password.htm>
Solar cycle progression: <http://www.swpc.noaa.gov/SolarCycle/>

QSL, kommentarer, mm.

Johan Letterstål från Saltsjö-Boo skriver i ett mail att han brukar tjuvläsa SWB då och då. Vi vill ju inte att aktiva _DX-are skall tjuvläsa utan då är det ju faktiskt bättre att han är med i vår lilla församling och vi hälsar honom således välkommen i gänget och ser fram emot bidrag av varierande slag. För att hålla SWB flytande så behövs många medlemmar som är mer eller mindre aktiva.

We also have the pleasure to welcome a new foreign member, **Martien Groot** from The Netherlands. Hope you will enjoy SWB and we look forward hearing from you. Here is his presentation.

Martien Groot, Schoorl, Netherlands. I would like to apply for membership. A few brief words about myself. I have been listening to shortwave since the early 1960's, became a member of our own Benelux DX Club (edited the SW section for about 25 years) and the DSWCI.

In the 70's I used to contribute to Sweden Calling DXers, I can still remember George Wood's distinctive voice on the air.. Later I also sent in loggings to Anker Petersen's DX Window. Currently I post unusual catches to DX Listening Digest. My main interest is SE Asia, my aim is to try for RRI Nabire on 7290v again next winter around 0800.

My receiver is a TenTec RX-340 which in my opinion is highly overrated since it produces lots of overload. Antenna is a 30 m. longwire strung out in the garden.

Hope this little introduction gives enough information?

(Martien, welcome to SWB and your presentation is more than enough. /TN)

Giampiero Bernardini: Ciao Thomas, Here some tips for SWB, if you want. I hope everthing is going well. Perseus & T2FD antenna 15 m long. QTH Milano, Italia SW blog: <http://radiodxsw.blogspot.com/>

Thomas Nilsson: En av de mycket sällsynta rapporterna som skickats från denna ända av Skåne har resulterat i ett mail från **R. ICDI**, Boali på en rapport på 3390. v/s Josue Mbami. Han utlovar QSL-kort per post inom nån månad. Kul med detta svar, jag var nog en av de första att höra stationen på denna QRG som numera inte är i drift längre.

Alf Årdal: Hei alle. Her kommer en presentasjon av meg personlig og min dx-karriere....

Jeg er gift og har 2 døtre.... og blir 68 år 1. september...en av de gamle gubbane hi!

Min helse er ikke som den var før...jeg måtte slutte i ordinær jobb i 1985. Siden det har jeg vært uførtrygdet. Jeg har vært plaget ekstremt mye av en lungesykdom som KOLS...vet ikke hva den heter på svensk...forkortning av KOLS betyr: Kronisk obstruktiv lungesykdom. Dessverre så har jeg mistet mange av mine hobbyer.... fisketurer på sjøen.... små fjellurer.

Dxing: Min dx-karriere er inte stor, jeg skal starte med hvilken radioer jeg har/har hatt.

Jeg startet aller første med en Grundig Satellitt 6001,deretter en Hannarlund SP600JX 17, siden ble det en Kenwood R-1000, som jeg i en konkurranse i DLF, siden ble det kjøpt en Icom R71E. I 1998 fikk jeg sjansen og kjøpe en AOR 7030 +, en av de beste radioene jeg har

brukt...god audio...filter og det hele. Deretter ble det kjøpt en etterlengtet NRD 525, bra radio. Siden så gikk jeg over til SDR-tiden..... først med en SDR-IQ rundt 2008. I fjor ble det nok et innkjøp... en Perseus (som mange andre...hi) Antenner som jeg har brukt blant annet, en 280 meter longwire (beverage om du vil), en K9AY frå Wellbrook kjøpt i 1998, som har vært bra de første årene, siste årene har den mistet sin eminente nulling.....kanskje er det kabeler som er årsaken?

Hva logger gjelder...tja...hva skal man si? Det har blitt mest MW... men litt KB også. Jeg er glad for hver ny stasjon jeg får i min logg, men det har blitt noen nye stasjoner frå Wisconsin... og en del Sør Amerikanske stasjoner, med stor hjelp frå Henrik Klemetz.

Interesse-område, NA/SA – Asia/Pacific.

Så om det ikke blir det helt store av loggingene i år, så er det mangel på vedlikehold a bev's, K9AY skal opp igjen, når grasset har sluttet og vekse. Ikke mange dxere i distriktet, og heller dårlig med hjelpsomme hender i området..... Så gjenstår det og se om det blir en bra sesong for MW-dxing. Lykke til alle i år.

Arne Nilsson: Det har varit dåligt med loggningar den senaste tiden, mesta tiden har gått till bl.a. trädgårdsarbete. Men också till några enkla försök med en Delta-loop antenn. Jag ska sammanställa en del av de jämförelser jag gjorde i en senare Bulle!

Min Bäverantenn har nu vuxit med ytterligare 100m, så nu ska den vara närmare 500m lång. Jag väntar med spänning på att NA skall öppna sig, det har fortfarande varit ganska få sådana här hos mig (på MV).

(Vi ser fram emot dina jämförelser, alltid kul att läsa hur det funkar i praktiken! /TN)

Ullmar Qvick: (vars bidrag saxats från NORDX) Med Sony ICF7600GR och tillhörande ferritantenn hör jag givetvis inget märkligt på MV. Men 60 m-bandet var piggt i morse, där använde jag Sangean ATS 909 med inomhusantenn och noterade 0345-0430 z 4885 R Clube do Pará vrålstark, ännu starkare VOA S. Tomé 4960 med start 0400z, R. Tarma Peru mycket pratig till c/d 0400z, WWCR babblade på 4840, R. Visión Peru skänkte mig sin midnattsmässa 0425z på 4790 kHz, R Brasil Central trängd och svag 4985, 5025 R. Rebelde med härlig LA-musik och lite starkare var R Habana Cuba 5040 på spanska. Det är ju kul att det finns en del att höra på 60 m - till och med när man lyssnar på inomhusantenn i stadsmiljö. Det var faktiskt riktigt kul när jag ändå inte kunde sova.... Och igår kväll genomled jag en timmes program på mandarin för rapport på RFA 11785 och 9875 kHz 19-20z. De har till och med skickat mig mail om att nu har de nya QSL-kort att erbjuda.... givetvis föll jag direkt!

Loggen

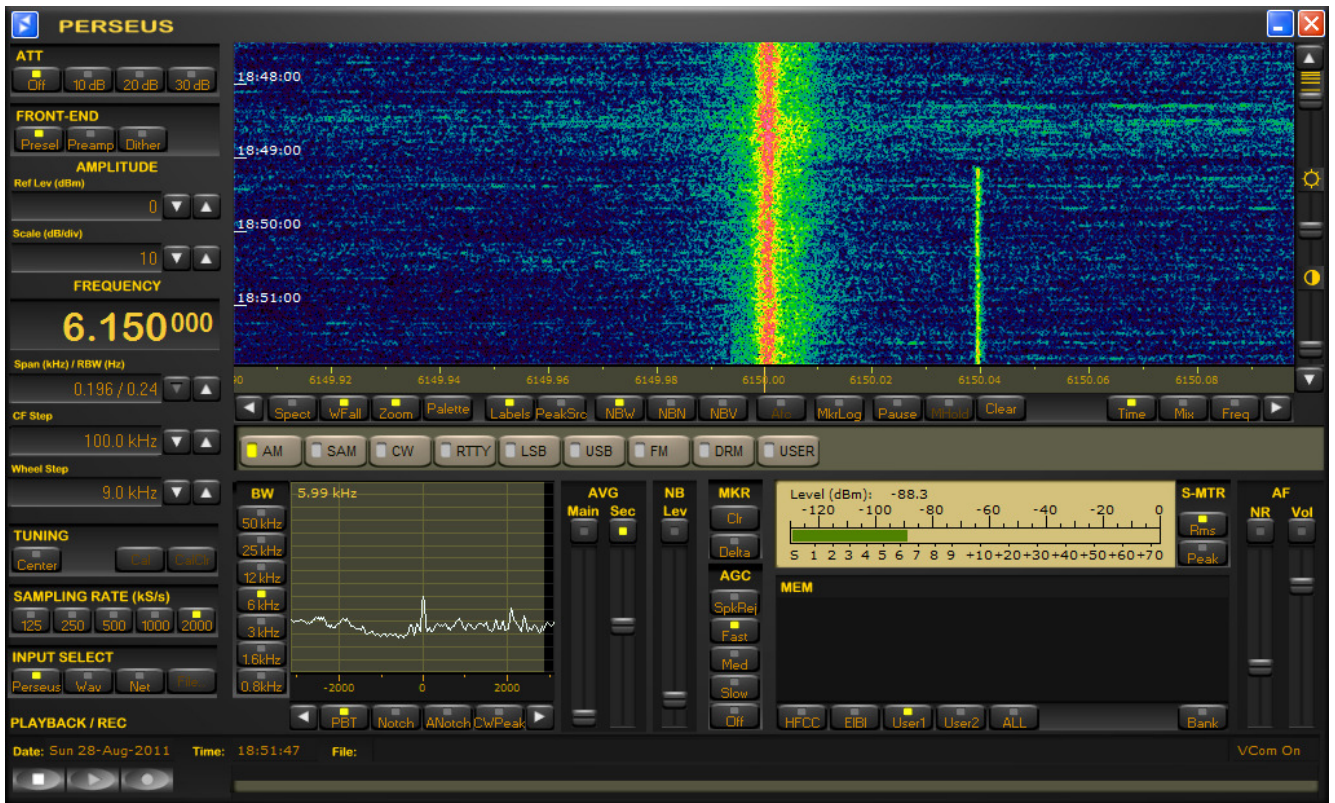
(UTC)

2321,933	30.8	1730	OID igen! God signal men med "murrigt" ljud gjorde det svårt att få ID. S/off 19.01. Efter en del mail mellan mig och Mauno Ritola så kom han med lösningen: " <i>I am certain, that this is the 2nd prgr. of Tajik Radio. It was a programme of birthday wishes and "muzyka po zayavkam", i.e. music requests. I changed from Perseus to AOR and could get better audio, but it was still rather distorted. At 1859 here is the closing ID in probable Tajik, sounds like mentioning Dushanbe.</i> " /Mauno Ritola. De sänder på 1160,967 och jag hörde alltså 2a övertonen! Tack Mauno! AN
2321,939	2.9	1840	UNID with good strength and language sounding like coming from Eastern Russia. This day no distortion in audio. Probably Dushanbe just as Mauno Ritola suggests. Cd at 1859. Tajik Radio uses three networks, TR1 = Radio Tajikistan National Network and TR2 = The Voice of Dushanbe (Sado-i Dushanbe). TR3 is only on FM. Three languages are used, Tajik, Uzbek and Russian. I set my Perseus to record this one on Sept 3 but forgot to reverse the antenna for Asian direction instead of the normal CA direction, so the signal was barely audible! I will check this one again tonight for a definite ID. TN
2485			VL8K Katherine NT 0920 to 1000 some audio on 30 August [Wilkner]
3205.0			Radio. Sandaun West Sepik 1000 to 1100 fades up with good signal, 1 September [Wilkner and XM-Cedar Key]
3289,983	18.8	0128	Voice of Guyana quite strong this night when the utility station normally blocking the frequency was gone. TN
3290			Voice of Guyana 0925 Oldies ballads into Caribbean music, 30 August [Wilkner and XM-Cedar Key]
3309.98			Radio Mosoj Chaski , Cochabamba 0930 on 1 September [Wilkner and XM-Cedar Key]
3329.53			Ondas del Huallaga , Huánuco 0920 to 0950 om en espanol, music mix with CHU notched on 746Pro, good audio. Tnx John Herkimer [Wilkner]

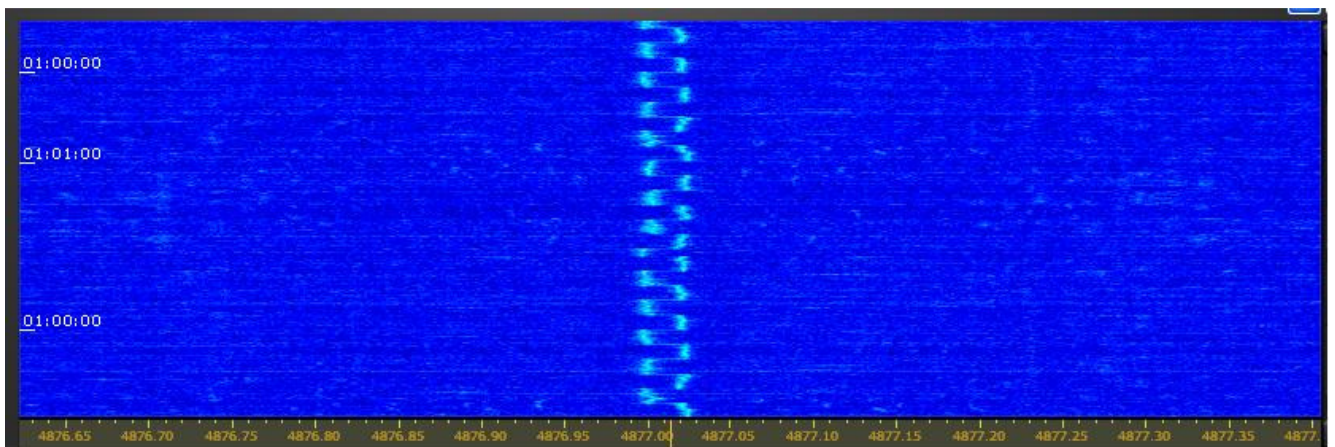
3360			Peru 0800 to 1000 with strong carrier but no usable audio, 27, 28, 29 August [Wilkner and XM-Cedar Key
3360	31.8	0345	Radio JPJ Lima PRU gick väldigt bra denna tid. Ända upp till S5 och ovanligt bra mod till den mx som spelades. Den 1.9 gick dom hyfsat redan 23.30z AN
3375.34			Radio Municipal São Gabriel da Cachoeira, 0900 with music and om dj, decent signal 24 August [Wilkner]
4716.63			Radio Yura , Yura noted 1020 to 1035 on 1 September, seems regular from 0100 to 0230 [Wilkner]
4795,95	1.9	2315	R Lipez BOL igen efter en tids frånvaro. AN
4805	20.8	1945	CRI Shijiazhuang . Min OID i förra SWB har nu fått sin förklaring, visade sig vara en IMD produkt som uppstår i <u>sändarna</u> : (2xF1-F2)! Rätt häftigt att den hörs ända hit! <i>Från Mauno Ritola: "Managed to ID it tonight: it's difference lower spur of CRI Shijiazhuang site on 7235 kHz in Cantonese and 6020 kHz in Albanian. Both audios heard there."</i> Tack Mauno! AN
4810	21.8	0039	AIR Bhopal , India, Indian songs, fair (Bernardini)
4850,756	1.9	2320	R Genesis PRU gick faktiskt att få fram ljud ifrån trots störningen där. Sång/prat. AN <i>Har kollat denna frekvens många gånger och nån gång då och då finns stationen där men sällan går det att få fram nån audio. Den är svår. TN</i>
4880	28.8	1838	SW Radio Africa , South Africa, talks in English, songs, fair (Bernardini)
4900	28.8	1906	Italian pirates QSO in AM, good (Bernardini)
4915	21.8	0034	Radio Daqui , Brazil, religious songs and talks, fair/good (Daqui and Marumby on 6079.95 have very alike program...) (Bernardini)
4930	28.8	1859	VOA , via Botswana, Id and News in English, fair //4940 (Bernardini)
4940	28.8	1905	VOA , via Sao Tome, id and "English teaching", good //4930 (Bernardini)
4976	28.8	1910	UBC , Kampala, Uganda, talks, in English, fair (Bernardini)
4990			Radio Apintie , Paramaribo 0900 to 1000 noted with decent signal on 27, 28 and with om vocal at 0950 on 30 August [Wilkner]
5019.9			SIBC 1020 to 1030 on September 1 with local Cuban interference in brief remission [Wilkner]
5039.21			Radio Libertad Junin 0950 to 1100 regular for last fortnight [Wilkner]
5040	21.8	0044	Radio Habana , Cuba, nice Cuban songs, good (Bernardini)
5446.5	28.8	2327	AFRTS feeder, Saddlebunch, Keys, Florida, USA, USB, talks program, weak (Bernardini)
5909.92			Radio Alcaraván 0930 musica latina 30 August [Wilkner]
5910	21.8	0109	Alcaravan Radio , Colombia, nice songs, ids, fair (Bernardini)
5921.281	21.8	0130	presumed Radio Bethel , Arequipa, Peru, talks in Spanish, slow religious music, clear channel, weak - Frequency slowly drifting. At 0130 was 5921.273; at 0137 was 5921.283 (Bernardini)
5939.8	28.8	2318	Vox Missionaria , Camboriù, Brazil, usual religious talks, fair (Bernardini)
5952.4	28.8	2311	Radio Pio XII , Bolivia, popular songs, fair (No trace of Elcor, Costa Rica) (Bernardini)
5960			Radio Fly 1020 fading up to 1110 best signal 1 September, 27 September Same [Wilkner]
6005	28.8	1915	Radio 700 , Germany, nice songs, good rock, some in German, few ids, good (Bernardini)
6005	27.8	1800	Radio Tirana med tyska. Detta är uppenbarligen en relä via Classic Broadcast i Kall. Man har problem med sina sändare i Albanien. 3 CB
6055	28.8	2004	Radio Rwanda , talks in Vernacular, fair, clear channel till 2028 when stopped by Voice of Iran in Spanish (Bernardini)
6075	29.8	0000	CRI China with EE px. Normally switch on the transmitter at 2356 with CC/EE lesson, then into EE px. cd 0057. 2-3 TN
6075,72v	16.8	2330	OID stn hördes här första gången hos mig den 16.8 De spelade mx i LA stil med kort prat emellan. Mycket svårt att få fram talet tydligt men om en inspelning från 27.8 säger <i>Henrik Klemetz: "Kl 01.04 är det mycket troligt att hon säger "Radio Kawsachun Coca" mycket snabbt. Ingenting annat kan jag säkert uppfatta, mer än att det låter som spanska. Det är föganska speciellt att det är en kvinnlig hallå denna gång"</i> . Efter detta har vi båda tyckt att, då en man talar, påminner det lite om PP! Men tidsangivelserna är helt klart på spanska. Jag har ännu inte lyckats få fram en inspelning där talet är klart hörbart och ID-bart. Tack HK! AN
6075,726	31.8	0218	UNID . Still no luck getting a definite ID on this on this one having very low modulated speech. The music is easier to hear. Unfortunately the station has mostly music and very seldom any announcements. Henrik Klemetz has listened to several recordings where I managed to record some of the weak talk but unfortunately he couldn't find any ID's in those recordings. Many thanks for your efforts, Henrik. I had set my Perseus for recording this one also on Sept 1 & 2, but nothing there. Today, Sept 3, my recording was set for start already at 2345z. The station was there but rather weak. China switched on their 6075 transmitter at 2356 for one hour broadcast. Monitoring

			the unid revealed a much earlier cd than before, this night already at 0029! Unfortunately their webstream was offline also this day so not possible to check for parallels. TN
6075.73	28.8	0314	UNID , weak carrier audible up to 0359:48 when co-channel DW appeared. Seems very late for a (tentative) Bolivian so perhaps this is only some kind of spur after all? MG
6075.731	21.8	0047	Unid , South American sound. It could be RT Kawsachun Coca, Bolivia, but the signal was poor (Bernardini)
6079.95	21.8	0030	Radio Marumby , Brazil, religious talks and music, fair (Bernardini)
6100	28.8	2030	International Radio Serbia , start of the French program, news, good but with CRI in Arabic underneath (Bernardini)
6102	21.8	1629*	Radio Afghanistan , music, final talk pres Urdu, s.off at 1629 weak to fair (Bernardini)
6134.8	28.8	2337	Radio Santa Cruz , Bolivia, football live, fair (Bernardini)
6134.82	21.8	0107*	Radio Santa Cruz , Bolivia, news ("Informacion local, nacional and internacional"), at 0102 great ids, the usual song of Radio Santa Cruz. Off at 0107 good ! (Bernardini)
6150.03			UNID. , 0141 - 0224, Aug 15, bits and pieces of pop songs noted during occasional peaks at S6. Freq is clear but suffered some splatter from AIR on 6155. Atrocious modulation, finally gave up in despair. Would seem to be the same station I reported last year to DXLD 10-13 (see "Unidentified") and 10-14 (see "Cyprus Northern") and which I therefore assume is R Bayrak. . Have been checking this every morning from about 0200 to 0300 since Aug 10 but very poor modulation makes ID difficult. MG
			<i>Hi Martien, I think it was R. Bayrak. I had it closer to 6150,04 kHz. I checked it here at various times and also via remote rx's, but could never get a readable audio. Today it was off, but now suddenly came back on the air at 1849, as can be seen below.</i>
			<i>The last time I heard from Bayrak was in June, when they said that the antenna system for 6150 kHz is being repaired and partly renewed, but the damage is bigger than anticipated. I asked now if they have returned to air, but got no reply. Unfortunately seems that the repair didn't help at all ... /73, Mauno Ritola</i>
6150,038	24.8	0227	UNID , Heard several nights but extremely weak. The carrier is there but only fragments of the music could be heard. Acc. to comments by Mauno Ritola in AN's tip this could be R Bayrak. The antenna direction for best reception was pointing in 120° indicating a possible Near East station. TN
6154,92	1.9	2310	R Fides BOL är inte läsbar alltför ofta, dock denna gång. Prat. AN
6165	28.8	2035	RD Tchadienne , Chad, talks, African politics, French, good (Bernardini)
6173.864			Radio Tawantinsuyo , Cusco 2350 to 0000 lost, 29 August, tnx Don Jensen [Wilkner]
6185	21.8	0152	Radio Educacion , Mexico, Culture talks, Spanish, weak, better in LSB (Bernardini)
7125	28.8	2040	Radio Conakry , Guinea, some talks and songs, in French, fair but Ham QRM (Bernardini)
7200	28.8	2045	Sudan RTVC , in Arabic, talks OM & YL, some Arabic songs, weak, better in LSB (Bernardini)
7255	28.8	2049	Radio Belarus , English program, talks about culture, good, some QRM from China. End of the English BC with schedules, web & mail address, at 2053 (Bernardini)
9235	28.8	2056	Galei Zahal , Israel, talks, songs, ids, news, fair, fading (Bernardini)
9645.3	28.8	2304	Radio Bandeirantes , Brazil, talks mentioning Sao Paulo many times, weak (Bernardini)
9720	28.8	2300	Radio Veritas , Manila, Philippines, start of program in Tagalog, fair/good (Bernardini)
9745	28.8	2248	Radio Bahrain , Arabic, songs, weak, stopped at 2257 by Radio Romania Int. starting in Spanish (Bernardini)
10051	28.8	2243	New York Radio , USA, airports info, USB, fair (Bernardini)
11665	28.8	2234	RTM Wai FM , Malaysia, songs, phone talks, ids, weak to fair, fading, "clean" channel (Bernardini)
11695	28.8	2230	Radio Australia , in Indonesian, ids and talks, good (Bernardini)
11725	28.8	2101	Radio New Zealand Int. , international news, English, fair (Bernardini)
11765	28.8	2220	Super Radio Deus è Amor , Brazil, usual great Pentecostal sermons, good (Bernardini)
11815	28.8	2104	Radio Brasil Central , Brazil, nice Brazilian romantic songs, some ids, good Low AMs better (Bernardini)
15190	28.8	2109	Radio Inconfidencia , Brazil, football live, good! (Bernardini)
15190	29.8	2150	Rádio Inconfidência med nyheter och ovanligt god styrka. 3 CB
15344.2	28.8	2157	Radio Nacional , Argentina, Spanish, talks, Id, reports, la temperatura en Buenos Aires, good in LSB to avoid Morocco till around 2203 when Morocco closes (Bernardini)
15344.21	31.8	2010	RAE hade ett specialprogram "Anecdotes de tango" i vilket man på franska berättade just anekdoter från genrens spännande historia och dessutom spelades mängder av stilig tangomusik. En fröjd för örat. Dessutom var Marocko inte igång vilket ledde till mycket god mottagning. 4 CB
15720	28.8	2210	Radio New Zealand Int. Reports in English, fair, fading (Bernardini)

Screenshot of Martien Groot's logging of 6150,03 which is believed to be Radio Bayrak.



"Tjuvläste" i SWB 1725 från arkivet. Kul med Starckenberger notisen. Bidrar gärna med mer löst trivia via NORDX. Såg ditt snapshot på R Roraima 4875v och hade själv en del inspelningar på 60m från busk-dx på Gotland i augusti. Kollade av några nätter och javisst! Hade du inte uppmärksammat detta hade jag aldrig sett det. Tack för tips! R Roraima på 4877,10 c.a. /73s Johan S-Boo



Stationsnyheter

AFGHANISTAN: Radio Afghanistan English Service Email Address: radioafghanistan@yahoo.com
(Abid Hussain Sajid, Pakistan via DXLD)

ALASKA: Hi Everyone, Nice reception of Alaska this am here on Anglesey. **KNLS** coming in at good strength and clear at 10ut on **11870khz**. Full ids "Welcome to the Saturday edition of the English hour from the top of the world this is your new life station KNLS Anchor Point Alaska" This is what I heard.
Please excuse me fiddling with the mode setting at the very beginning. Ive also cut out 50secs of the interval music after the first station id "This is Alaska calling...." <http://www.box.net/shared/2mx2cdpqugcmdngeos8>
(Mark Davies Anglesey via DXLD)

BOLIVIA: R Kawsachun Coca. Also found this information on the web: Desde el trópico de Cochabamba, cuna de las luchas bolivianas por una patria digna, transmite: FM. 99.7, AM. 740, OC. 6075. Radio Kawsachun Coca voz de la Revolución Democrática y Cultural. Carretera a Cochabamba - Santa Cruz Km: 182 LAUCA-EÑE / SHINAHOTA. TEL.- 44135860, E-MAIL - rkc_radionacional@hotmail.com /Thomas Nilsson

Official website for the station is <http://www.kawsachuncoca.com/> They also have a live audio stream but unfortunately offline most of the time. /TN

INDIA: All India Radio Leh back on air, noted on 4660 instead of scheduled 4760 at 1445 UTC onwards, 21st Aug 2011. (Alokesh Gupta, VU3BSE, New Delhi via DXLD)

MALAYSIA. 1251-1257, August 29. **RTM** carried a special economic speech in vernacular; frequent mentions of “ringgit” (their currency); all // 5964.6v Klasik Nasional, 6050.0v Asyik FM (QRM PBS Xizang/Tibet), 7295 Traxx FM and 9835 Sarawak FM. Found by Googling - Perhaps it was the International Trade and Industry Minister Datuk Seri Mustapa Mohamed with today’s news about the vast increase in the amount of foreign direct investments (FDIs) into Malaysia. Same speech also heard by Glenn at the same time on 9835; while I was mostly listening to 6050.0v (Ron Howard, Asilomar State Beach, CA, Etón E1, dxldyg via DX LISTENING DIGEST)

MICRONESIA. 4755.44, PMA-The Cross Radio, running past 1350, August 30. Someone forgot to turn off the Xmtr again! 1227 spot for James Dobson; 1231 “The Cross Radio is a ministry of Pacific Mission Fellowship”; poor to almost fair. Glenn, I took your advice and did not contact Sylvia about their being on late (Ron Howard, Asilomar State Beach, CA, Etón E1, dxldyg via DX LISTENING DIGEST)

SRI LANKA 9770.207 Odd signal in English language at 0220 UT Sept 1. **SLBC Ekala** fair S=6 signal. Local female singer from the island at 0226-0229 UT. (wb, wwdxc BC-DX TopNews Sept 1 via DXLD)

UNID: 5785.00, UNID 21/08 22:18-22:27 trato de ajustar la frecuencia por LSB y USB imposible, pero al colocarlo en AM, entiendo que se trata de un programa deportivo y hablan de los equipos de Bolivia.... es difícil escucharlo.. finalmente dicen Panamericano deportivo... luego continúan hablando sobre equipos de Bolivia... finalmente agradecen la asistencia de escucha del Panamericano deportivo y dan un slogan apenas .. entiendo al final... la radio que a todos llega.. la señal se desvaneció a las 22:26

NOTA: Informo que es 5785, por ser la frecuencia que al ponerla con los dos decimales, se prendía la señal del radio que me indicaba la sintonía conforme.. puede ser un armónico o una espuria. (tnx H. Klemetz)
(EL CHASQUI DX - AGOSTO 2011 via DXLD)

Övriga radionyheter

Radio in Tajikistan

Unlike other forms of media, Radio is the only outlet that can be accessed in all areas of Tajikistan. Due to poorly maintained infrastructure, television is not widely accessible outside the heavily populated areas of Tajikistan. Furthermore, majority of newspapers only operate on a weekly basis, as opposed to daily, due to the consequence of high production costs involved in the distribution of print media. As a result, radio is heavily relied upon as a source of current affairs. Private stations operate along side state-run networks (BBC 2011); however, state-run networks appear to dominate national coverage, while private broadcasters tend to service regional areas. Radio stations broadcast in Persian, Russian, Tajik, and Uzbek, and in 2000 there were reportedly 141 radios sets per 1,000 people of the population (Wikipedia 2008). Similar to the regulations applied to privately run television networks, Tajikistan law requires that independent broadcasters must be issued a government licence to operate lawfully. Although some unlicensed broadcasters are reported to be in operation, they run the risk of government persecution due to the tight restrictions on press freedom in this country.

State run stations include:

- Radio Tajikistan
- Radio Sado-i Dushanbe (Voice of Dushanbe)
- Culture network Radio Farhang
- External service Ovoz-i Tojik

Privately owned/independent stations Include:

- Radio Imruz (available in all regions)
- Radio Vatan (Dushanbe)
- Radio Tiroz (Khujand)
- Radio Asia-Plus (Dushanbe)

From <http://arts1091.unsw.wikispaces.net/Tajikistan>

Kawsachun coca

Transmitiendo en vivo desde le trópico de Cochabamba

Radioemisora en el trópico cochabambino

En el trópico de Cochabamba, en el municipio de Shinahota se encuentra la Radioemisora “Kawsachun Coca”, radio que emite su señal desde hace dos años atrás, Renacer pudo conversar con su Director, el periodista José Luis Colque Giménez, quien nos dio los pormenores de esta emisora.

¿Cómo surge la radio?

“Kawsachun coca”, es el eslogan que durante los años 80 ha sido el grito de revolución de miles de cocaleros productores en el trópico cochabambino, hubo pérdida de vidas en confrontaciones en los gobiernos de Paz Zamora, Hugo Banzer y también en el de Sánchez de Lozada, cuando se pretendía erradicar de manera forzosa y aún habiendo lo que es el desarrollo alternativo, que según declaraciones de los propios dirigentes no alcanzó los objetivos para los cuales fue trazado. Es así que este grito libertario se consolida dos años atrás en una emisora.



¿Por qué una radioemisora?

La primera emisora que salió del trópico, como voz del trópico, fue “Radio Soberanía” ubicada en Chipiriri, radio fundada por el presidente Morales, en ese entonces dirigente cocalero y también por la Federación del Trópico Cochabambino. Una vez conocido el alcance y la importancia de contar con un medio de comunicación alternativo, porque era la voz oficial de los cocaleros, y había otra voz, “Horizonte” lo que era la voz de la Embajada Norteamericana, lograron entender que deberían contar con una emisora de las seis federaciones del trópico, a así que se consolida dos años atrás Radio Kawsachun Coca.

¿Quién administra la radio?

La administración de la radio tiene un Directorio, que esta conformado por miembros de las seis federaciones del trópico, habiendo una dirección administrativa, otra financiera y otra periodística logística.

¿Qué infraestructura tiene la radio?

Exactamente dos meses atrás recontaba solamente dos ambientes en planta baja, en los que de manera improvisada se hizo una sala de locución-emisión y una sala que servía como secretaría y también grabación. Justamente el martes 22 de febrero, martes de challa, el presidente Morales hizo un programa desde las seis de la mañana hasta casi el medio día desde radio Kawsachun coca para todo el país, oportunidad en la que también se challó el edificio de tres plantas con varios bloques, para en un futuro contar con un canal de televisión, en este momento ocupamos el segundo piso que es destinado a la radio, en cada piso contamos con cinco espacios, que en este caso sirve para la sala de redacción, sala de emisión y también para los equipos de AM y honda corta, de manera que en cuanto a infraestructura se tiene los espacios. En cuanto al equipo técnico tenemos lo necesario micrófonos, computadoras para los periodistas con el software adecuado para las grabaciones que luego son emitidas en el noticiero central.

¿Quién financia la radio?

En la primera etapa se contó con el financiamiento de la Embajada de Venezuela, justamente con la instalación de las RPO's, las radios alternativas populares en todo el país, y en Cochabamba “Kawsachun coca” se consideró una afiliada a las RPO's, se recibió un equipamiento básico. Posteriormente a eso, gracias al programa Evo Cumple, se hizo el edificio, con el cual contamos ahora, el resto el equipamiento, viene de aportes de los miembros de los distintos sindicatos y federaciones del trópico cochabambino, mensualmente hacen una porte cada miembro y es de esa manera que se sostiene la radio, pero también para esta gestión se tiene el desafío de buscar un auto sostenimiento con el tema de la publicidad, mejorar la calidad de los programas para que la radio pueda sustentarse sola y no depender de los aportes de los propios cocaleros del trópico.

¿En la actualidad tienen publicidad?

En este momento tenemos contrato con el Gobierno, el ministerio de Educación, la Dirección Nacional de Comunicaciones, también el Ministerio de Salud y la Prefectura Cochabambina que se sumo este año, y proyectos del trópico cochabambino. Publicidad en si, solo algunas ferreterías, la venta de antenas parabólicas, algunos avisos comunitarios, y ENTEL que en esta etapa de surgimiento esta apoyando a la radio.

¿Cuál es la programación de la radio?

La programación comienza a las 4:30 de la mañana hasta las 23:00 hrs. La misma fue trabajada por hermanos cubanos que estuvieron en el trópico por mas de cuatro meses, hicieron un estudio, además de una propuesta alternativa de una programación ideal, estamos en la etapa de análisis y puesta en vigencia de las propuestas trabajadas por ellos, con la participación de los propios trabajadores de Kawsachun coca.

Se tiene programas exclusivamente en quechua, también tenemos el programa en la madrugada el programa “Despierta Conmigo”, programa bilingüe, una novela de producción nacional, Informativo en quechua, enlace con la red Patria Nueva, programas especializados periodísticos, que eran trabajados en Cochabamba, también producciones con la radio “Soberanía” de Chipiriri en quechua, y un programa variado en quechua y castellano por la inmigración de gente de Oruro,

La Paz y Cochabamba.

¿Por qué se eligió el municipio de Shinahota para montar la radio?

Fue una decisión de los ejecutivos, en Shinahota se encuentra el conocido "gallinero", que fue la primera sede revolucionaria de donde surgieron los grupos de choque de cocaleros para confrontar la arremetida de las fuerzas policiales y militares que mataron mucha gente, con la intención de erradicar la hoja de coca en el Chapare, y sobretodo erradicar el liderazgo de Evo Morales Ayma junto a los cocaleros, que ya defendía la vida, los derechos humanos y la defensa de la hoja sagrada de coca, es por eso que se decide tener un monumento histórico, como es el medio de comunicación, justamente en el lugar donde se planificaron movilizaciones y marchas, estamos a una cuadra del "gallinero", lugar donde el presidente Morales realizaba ampliados, y donde se planificaba el surgimiento de una nueva etapa para Bolivia. Kawsachun Coca se puede sintonizar en AM 740, y onda corta 6075, y está en proyecto la implementación de una señal satelital, la radio con base en el trópico cochabambino, tiene corresponsales en la ciudad de La Paz y Cochabamba, y en un futuro en Santa Cruz. "Nuestro compromiso es con el pueblo, informar de forma objetiva, aunque haya amenazas para amedrentarnos, pero seguimos adelante con la cabeza en alto", afirma Nelson Colque, corresponsal de Kawsachun coca en Cochabamba.

Texto y Foto: Carlos Martínez P.

(From <http://www.renacerbol.com.ar/edicion174/bolivia07.htm>)

Jopach Servicios Electrónicos



Kolla <http://jopach.com/> som installerar antenner och sändare.

Fotot som syns är från El Alto med La Paz nere "i grytan". På branten finns nästan hela La Paz' kommunikationer samlade...

Om man bläddrar vidare syns vilka stationer Jopach installerat, bl a "Radio Causachun Coca" med chilensk sändarutrustning.

Jag var i kontakt med denna firma för flera år sen och fick bilder och skrev ihop en liten artikel för Tyskland. (via Henrik Klemetz)

A lot of Perseus SDRs for sale

Has anyone else noticed the very large number of Perseus SDRs for sale on eBay of late? I'm always curious on the why's and wherefore's of this phenomenon. Have people tired of the Perseus? Have they moved on to other SDRs? By coincidence, I noticed a very professional user manual (in English) for the WinRadio Excalibur Pro which was recently introduced. I don't have an Excalibur, nor have any plans to purchase one anytime soon, but perhaps having some of these niceties would benefit the Perseus user.

Seems to me that looking here, there, and everywhere for information on some of the finer points of Perseus use is problematic, and if anything, may scare people away from purchasing the Perseus, or push them to move onto a device that has the proper documentation for the beginner to intermediate user. My guess that the softening of Perseus SDR prices on the used market is directly attributable to the very attractive introductory price of the Excalibur. No plans, yet, on my part

to part with either of my two Perseii, however! /Walt Salmaniw, Victoria, BC

Hi Walt, Excalibur and other competition might be a factor. However I think the main reason is RF SMOG pollution in most cities.

This pollution is a direct result of not enforcing the EMC compatibility laws.

Every day I buy some new gadget I need to go on a RFI noise hunt in the house. What shocks me is that leading international brands, that have numerous compliance and other EMC approval ticks on them are the worst performers. Their EMC compliance labels are totally fraudulent and well above most standards.

If you want evidence, just tune most of the online Perseus receivers. Only a handful have an acceptable noise floors, and most have horrendous noise floors that make them unusable. Except for very short skip conditions like that on 40 or 80 meters you cant hear much. Some of the big broadcasters can punch through this noise not the weak signals. So with all this noise you can never have weak signal reception. Why would you bother spending money on something just to listen to very bad noise?

The days of low noise reception even in residential areas even with under ground power lines is impossible because of the hash from things like Plasma TV's. Policy makers know that they destroying the shortwave spectrum because they assume that engineering filters and EMC compliance is hard and expensive. All that they have done is fall victim to the lobbying by big business who are just as happy polluting the environment as they are at polluting the RF spectrum and everything else that they touch. They also at the same time creating a unbalanced playing field for those who must obey these laws in their daily business activities. The big winners are the Chinese companies who place fake compliance stickers on all their products. We in the West are a bunch of idiots when it comes to things like fair trade with place like China and Asia. There is a solution to this problem with good engineering practice and standards. However we need politicians that will first enforce the existing laws and then tighten them up.

Then can we blame the Chinese only? no we have people who sell receivers who also supply power supply jammers in the same box. When you jam yourself with a crap power supply can you blame the Chinese when you yourself have the same stupidity and foresight? /John

It may be simply statistics. With thousands of Perseus sold, if 1% of the users changes his mind, you have tens of radios on the market. The remaining 99% is not changing of place... /73 - Marco IK1ODO

Hello John, Your statement regarding improper EMC measures on consumer products stands.

However, I believe that many problems are due to a failing antenna installation.

With proper measures, like using a separate radio ground for the antenna with no connection to the mains earth, things are not as bad as it seems.

I also found that when using an E-field probe, you can benefit from the shielding that many houses provide for the E-field. In my case this shielding is 32 dB at a frequency of 400 kHz. As a result local noise in the E-field will be contained within the house. The antenna is mounted only 6 meter from the house. The shield of the coax is connected to an earth stake, which prevents the noise from within the house to travel to the antenna.

Over the years, I have installed all types of energy saving lamps and computer gadgets and so far the only issue encountered is a minor problem with the switching power supply of my Samsung NC10.

You are welcome to visit my PERSEUS on-line.

/Roelof Bakker, pa0rdt Middelburg, Netherlands.

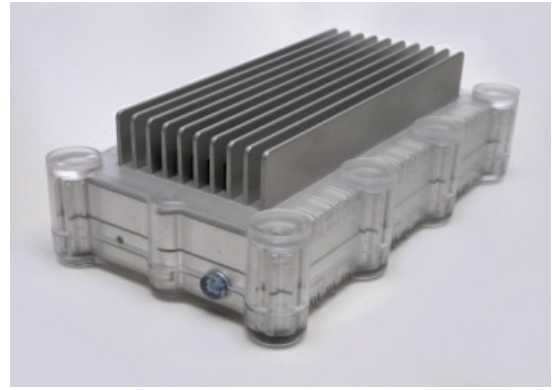
I had some big noise problems near 3.9 MHz, and after some investigation i finally found the cause of this noise. It was a faulty USB cable, the one connected to the Perseus. After i check with a ohm meter i discover it had not a good shielding or ground. I bought home a HQ type of USB cable with double shielding ,gold plated connectors and ferrite cores on both ends. The drop in background noise was big specially in the 3.9 MHz region, about 14db drop in noise. Overall it is now less noise on most frequency's. Also i ground all antennas to a earth stake near the masts and a second stake near the radio. I have also put multiple snap together type of ferrite choke cores on all coax cables and rotator cable entering the house. So now the noise situation is much better than when i first bought the Perseus. It's not just a very good radio but also an analysis tool.It may be worthwhile to check out these USB cables. Just because the cable looks good from the outside, it d oesn't mean it has to be good inside. /73, Peter
(Copied from perseus_SDR@yahoogroups.com)

WR-G39DDCe 'EXCELSIOR' - Preliminary

The WiNRADiO WR-G39DDCe 'EXCELSIOR' is a high-performance HF/VHF/UHF/SHF software-defined receiver with a frequency range from 9 kHz to 3500 MHz, with two independent channels of 4 MHz wide instantaneous bandwidth available for recording and further digital processing, plus a 16 MHz wide real-time spectrum analyzer.

The receiver offers an unparalleled flexibility given its SDR architecture, respectable dynamic range, high sensitivity, scanning speed and accuracy of performance, making it capable of filling not only the role of a monitoring receiver but also that of a fast search receiver and measuring receiver, with many operational and instrumentation features not usually found on receivers of any price category.

- Frequency range 9 kHz to 3500 MHz
(*except cellular bands where required by law*)
- Ultra-fast search speed 1 GHz/s
- Two independent receiver channels
- Real-time spectrum analyzer up to 16 MHz wide
- Unlimited width swept spectrum analyzer
- Audio spectrum analyzer
- Audio and DDC recorder
- High sensitivity
- Excellent dynamic range
- Numerous signal analysis tools
- Numerous types of search and scanning modes
- Numerous precise measuring tools
- USB 2.0 interface



The receiver has a robust front-end, which features an up-converter for excellent suppression of mirror images, eliminating a need for complex pre-selector filters which introduce distortion and reduce the noise figure.

The receiver connects to an IBM-compatible PC via the USB port. Several receivers can be controlled by a single PC to form a multi-channel receiver system.

This is the first time a receiver of such advanced specification and unique combination of features is being offered to the general marketplace. The receiver is intended for government, military, security, surveillance, broadcast monitoring, industrial and demanding consumer applications. Easily installed to any modern computer with the USB interface, this receiver represents an excellent general-purpose mobile and stationary solution for HF/VHF/UHF/SHF monitoring and surveillance.

(Mail from WiNRADiO Scandinavia [info@winradio.se])